AUTHOR:

Zentsov, A.S., Engineer

98-58-7-13/21

TITLE:

Selection of a Suitable Conventional System of Coordinates of Designing and Construction of Large Hydroelectric Power Plants (O vybore ratsional noy sistemy koordinat pri proyektirovanii i stroitel stve krupnykh gidroelektrostantsiy)

PERIODICAL:

Gidrotokhnicheskoye stroitel'stvo, 1958, Nr 7, pp 42-43(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

A conventional system of coordinates is usually established at the beginning of the designing and construction of large industrial constructions, hydroelectric power plants in particular. The author states that it is necessary to choose such a system in which the axis X coincides with marking axis of the line of direction. The intersection of the axis Y and the beginning of coordinates must be placed on any picket of the marking axis or at the intersection of the axis of the sluice, if there is one. This system will greatly simplify all following designing operations for all kinds of work. All the main elements of construction will then have only positive X meanings of the coordinates. There is 1 graph.

1. Power plants-Design 2. Power plants-Construction 3. Sluices -- Design-Theory

Card 1/1

ZENTSOU AIS

ZENTSOV, A.S.; VASIL'YEV, A.F., inzhener, redaktor; FILONENKO, A.S., professor, redaktor; VORONIN, K.P., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Calculating locations of vertical shafts and underground surveying in constructing hydraulic tunnels] Opyt proizvodstva orientirovaniia vertikal nykh shakht i podzemoi poligonometrii pri sooruzhenii gidro-tekhnicheskikh tunnelei. Pod red. A.V. Vasil eva i A.S. Filonenko. Moskva, Gos. energ. izd-vo 1955.

165 p. [Microfilm] (MLRA 9:1)

(Tunneling) (Triangulation) (Hydraulic engineering)

8(6), 14(6)

AUTHOR:

Zentsov, A.S., Engineer

SOV/98-59-7-12/22

TITLE:

Geodetic and Surveying Work at Hydro-Electric

PERIODICAL:

Gidrote hnicheskoye stroitel'stvo, 1959, Nr 7, F 52

(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

This is a discussion of proposals to introduce certain changes into the geodetic system used in the construction of hydro-electric sites, which is always preceded by complex engineering research work to determine the suitability of the terrain. An important part of the team are the surveyors, who on the instructions of the Main MVD Board for Geodesy and Cartography usually work at scales of 1:5,000 or 1:2,000. The complicated nature of the construction of hydro-electric sites is rendered even more so by the presence of underground installations, which call for a high degree of accuracy on the part of the surveyors. However, in many cases experience has shown that the accuracy was insufficient for the demands of the constructors of

Card 1/3

Geodetic and Surveying Work at Hydro-Electric Sites

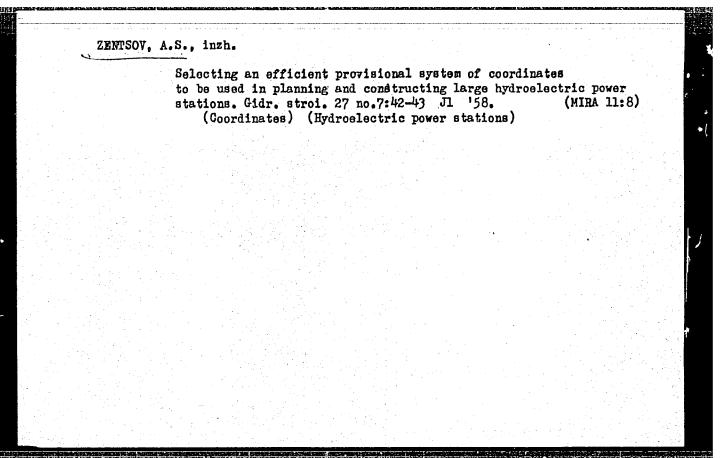
the projects, and thus, at the commencement of building operations the surveyors have now to make a more detailed, accurate plan of the scheme (triangulation of Classes II and III of city networks, and sometimes Class I, as in the case of the Dneprostroy project). This work requires additional funds (200, 300,000 rubles) and takes 3-5 months, since it has to be carried out by the surveying team, which is understaffed during the organizational period. It is simularly unwise to carry out under-ground operations without a highly accurate geodetic report first being obtained. It would therefore seem expedient to have this work carried out, for cheapness' sake, by the planning and research team to satisfy the requirements of the constructors. For large GES projects (such as the Bratsk GES) and medium-sized ones where underground installations are planned, the official triangulation of city networks Class II is recommended, while Class III is more suitable for average-sized plants with no under-ground installations. Due to this method a loss of

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Geodetic and Surveying Work at Hydro-Electric Sites

up to 30% of the geodetic signs is possible this being inevitable in view of the frequent changes that take place in the plans of GES projects. This will somewhat raise the cost of the initial research (which should be taken into account) but since it excludes any chance of repetition it will eventually cover any additional initial costs. It also obviates the need for a large staff of surveyors, etc., during the initial period. These proposals are stated to be only valid for GES projects which are likely to be realized in the near future.

Card 3/3



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ZENTSOV, Andrey Stepanovich; BELIKOV, Ye.F., red.; SHURYGINA, A.I., red.izd-va; HOMANOVA, V.V., tekhn. red.

[Geodesy in the construction of large hydroelectric power stations and their tunnels] Geodeziia pri stroitel'stve krupnykh gidroelektrostantsii i ikh tunnelei; iz opyta rabot. Moskva, Gosgeoltekhizdat, 1963. 223 p. (MIRA 16:10) (Hydroelectric power stations) (Surveying)

AM4016087

BOOK EXPLOITATION

S

Zentsov, Andrey Stepanovich

Geodesy in construction of large hydroelectric power plants and their tunnels; based on practices (Geodeziya pri stroitel'stve krupny*kh gidroelektrostantsiy i ikh tunneley; iz opy*ta rabot) Moscow, Gosgeoltekhizdat, 63. 0223 p. illus., biblio. 3,000 copies printed.

TOPIC TAGS: geodesy, hydroelectric power plant, hydroelectric plant tunnel, mine surveying, earthwork, concrete structure, tunnel, shaft.

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: The book presents practical schemes and methods for general and detailed engineering-geodetic and mine surveying work, carried out in the construction of large open and undorground hydroelectric stations and their tunnels. In the case of engineering-geodetic work, special geodetic networks for pegging out operations are described. In the case of mine surveying work, particular attention is paid to practical operating methods (especially orientation of vertical shafts with increased accuracy) and predicted and actual results of work on holing through opposing

Card 1/4

M4016087

olements of structure. Brief information is presented on detailed engineering-geodetic work in the case of earth work, concrete, and alignment in the construction of hydraulic units. The book is intended for practicing geodeticists; mine surveyors, constructors, and erectors; and students of higher educational institutions in engineering geodesy departments. The author gives thanks bengineer I. I. Naymushin, former chief of construction of many large hydroolectric stations and to corresponding member of the Academy of Construction of Architecture A. F. Vasil'yev, former chief engineer of construction of these hydroelectric stations, for prolonged collaboration in the construction of many serious manufacturing problems. I am sincerely grateful to Professor A. S. Filonenko (institute of Engineers of Geodesy, Aerophotography, and Cartography) and docent Candidate of Technical Sciences A. M. Lebedev of the same institute for help and advice. I am also indebted to decent Ye. F. Belikov of Moskovskiy energeticheskiy institut for help in editing this book.

TABLE OF CONTENTS [abridged]:

Card 2/4

ZENTSOV, Andrey Stepanovich; TISTROVA, O.N., redaktor; IARIONOV, G.Ye.,

[High precision method of testing the horizontal level in installing large scale hydraulic turbines] Vysokotochnyi sposob proverki nivelirom porizontal nosti pri montazhe krunnykh gidroagregatov.

Moskva, Gos. energ. izd-vo. 1956. 39 p. (MLRA 10:2)

(Hydraulic turbines) (Leveling)

Improving the organization of engineering and surveying operations in the construction of large hydroelectric power stations. Energ. stroi. no.3:76-78 (13), 1960. (MIRA 14:9) 1. Brutskgosstroy. (Hydroelectric power stations) (Hydraulic engineering)

ZENTSOV, A.S., inzh.

Special hydraulic triangulations and height basis for the laying out and observation of the strains of the basic foundation structures of hydroelectric power systems. Energ.stroi. no.25:54-58 '61.

(MIRA 15:4)

 Stroitel'stvo Bratskoy gidroelektrostantsii. (Hydroelectric power stations--Design and construction)

s/035/62/000/007/069/083 A001/A101

AUTHOR:

Zentsov, A. S

TITLE:

Special hydrotechnical triangulations and vertical network for laying out and observing deformations of the principal constructions of hydro-engineering units (For discussion)

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Astronomiya i Geodeziya, no. 7, 1962, 11 - 12, abstract 7G84 (In collection: "Energ. str-vo", 25, Moscow-Leningrad, 1961, 54 - 58)

The author proposes to establish a special classification for principal plan and vertical networks on construction sites of hydro-power stations, taking into account demands on precision of geodetic works in the process of designing, constructing and observing deformations in hydro-power stations. The proposed classification of triangulation networks is shown in Table 1, and leveling networks in Table 2. There are 9 references.

O. Klimov

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/2

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Table 1						
Orders of hydrotech-		Rms error in angle,	Maximum misclosure	Relative erro		
	sides (km)	sec	of triangle (sec)	of sides (bases)		
II III	0.5 - 1.5 0.3 - 1.0	1.0 1.5 2.0	3.5 5.0 7.0	1:800,000 1:500,000 1:150,000	1 : 200,000 1 : 150,000 1 : 70,000	
Table 2	•					
Class of 1	eveling	Rms error	s per 1 km (m systemat			
1 2 3		±1.0 2.0 4.0	+0.2 0.4 0.8			
		- 1945 - 1945 - 1948				

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ZENTSOV, M.S., dorozhnyy master; KOCHETYGOV, A.I., brigadir
puti; LITORIN, A.N., brigadir puti

Our Alekseii Stepanovich. Put' put.khoz. nc.9:5 S '59.

(MITA 12:12)

1. Moskovsko-Ryazanskaya distantsiya puti Moskovskoy dorogi.

(Moscow Province--Railroads---Maintenance am' repair)

ZENNSOVA, A.I.; RUBINSHTEYN, M.I., redaktor. [Cuba] Kuba. Pod red. M.I. Rubinshteina. Moskva, Goa. izd-vo geogr. lit-ry, 1952. 36 p. (MIRA 7:5) (Guba)	ZENTSOVA,	A . :	Ι.								
[Cuba] Kuba. Pod red. M.I. Rubinshteina. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo geogr. lit-ry, 1952. 36 p. (MIRA 7:5) (Cuba)		ZEN75	OVA, A	.I.; l	rub inskri	YN, M	.I., redaktor.	-			
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7ENTSOVA, A.I.

Kuba / Guba 7. Moskva, Geografgiz, 1952. 37 p.

SO: Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Vol. 6, No. 2, May 1953

Cas dynamic regulation of the jet nemale of a turbeje, engine.

Inv. vys. ucheb. zav.; av.tekh. 2 ne.1:55-64 '59.

(MIRA 12:3)

1. Kazanskiy aviatsiennyy institut, Kafodra aviatsiennykh lepatechnykh mashin.

(Airplanes--Turbejet engines)

39788

s/147/62/000/002/016/020

E191/E535

AUTHOR:

Zenukov, A.G.

TITLE:

Contribution to the air cooling of gas turbine blades

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, Aviatsionnaya tekhnika, no.2, 1962, 130-137

The development and preliminary tests are described TEXT: concerned with an improved design of an air-cooled gas turbine rotor blade. The design is distinguished by the details of joining a hollow shell constituting the external surface of the blade to the load-carrying core, which is integral with the blade root and is itself hollow to permit the passage of air. It is an essential feature of the new design that a clearance is maintained all round the core between it and the shell throughout the working length of the blade. The shell is attached to the core against the centrifugal force by a butt strap at the tip, which is welded to the core or formed in it by stamping after the fitting of the shell. The cooling air is fed through holes in the root into the cavity of the core, from which it emerges through holes in the leading edge of the core towards the inside of the leading edge Card 1/3

Contribution to the air cooling ... S/147/62/000/002/016/020 E191/E535

of the shell. Flowing in the clearance between the core and the shell tangentially along the profile, the air is discharged into the main stream through apertures near the trailing edge of the In 1949, tests were carried out at the Laboratoriya turbomashin (Turbo-Machine Laboratory) of the KAI with a similar design of air-cooled blades, in which, however, contact was maintained between the shell and the embossed core along various lines. The core took part in the heat exchange between the shell and the air. Effective cooling of the shell could be obtained but only at the expense of a higher core temperature and a nonuniform temperature distribution. In the new design, the lowest core temperature is achieved and a smooth temperature distribution The manufacture of the new prevents warping and distortions. type of blade is easier. Moreover, the shell continuously operates under compressive stresses. Even the small gain in hightemperature strength obtained under compressive load can greatly add to the safety of the blade assembly. Practical tests were carried out to determine the structural stability of profiled Blade lengths between 50 and 200 mm and shells in compression. blade chords between 30 and 40 mm were included in over 200 tests Card 2/3

Contribution to the air cooling ... S/147/62/000/002/016/020 E191/E535

of shells, 0.4 - 0.5 mm thick made of several heat-resisting and other ferrous materials. It was shown that loss of stability did not constitute a separate strength criterion compared with high-temperature strength. Effective cooling of the shell by over 200°C could be obtained compared with the uncooled blade and the core could be cooled down to 200°C (at a gas temperature of .800°C). There are 8 figures.

ASSOCIATION:

Kazanskiy aviatsionnyy institut, Kafedra turbomashin

(Kazan' Aviation Institute, Department of

Turbomachines)

SUBMITTED:

November 30, 1961

Card 3/3

	Design meturbine 6 no.3:	blade wi	ith air c	ts of excooling.	perimenta Izv.vys	al inves .ucheb.2	stigatio	.tekh.	16:10)	

ACCESSION NR: AP4033045

8/0147/64/000/001/0096/0104

AUTHOR: Zenukov, A. G.

TITLE: Differential equations for the temperature state of a shrouded blade and methods for their solution

SOURCE: IVUZ. Aviatsionnaya tekhnika, no. 1, 1964, 96-104

TOPIC TAGS: differential equation, temperature, blade, shrouded blade, blade shape, heat resistance, thermal conductivity, temperature field

ABSTRACT: The article is in two parts: the first deals with the derivation of the equations, the second with an approximate method for their solution. The coordinate axes are selected in accordance with the calculation diagram (Figure 1 of the Enclosure): axis z is in the radial direction; x coincides with the external contour of the profile. The following fundamental differential equations are derived in the first part of the article: 1) A differential equation for the temperature state of the envelope, disregarding radiation heat and temperature change throughout the thickness of the envelope; 2) An equation describing the temperature state of the shaft core; 3 & 4) Equations describing the heating of the air in the first and second contours. These equations represent a closed system, through the

Cord 1/7

ACCESSION NR: AP4033045

solution of which it is possible to determine the functions of practical interest; namely, the temperature of the envelope, the temperature of the shaft core (Figure 2 of the Enclosure) and the temperatures of the air in the first and second contours (Figures 3 and 4 of the Enclosure). All terms of the equations are complex variable functions, depending on one another and on the coordinates. The authors note that a solution of the system of equations in a general form is impossible through conventional mathematical techniques; however, in the majority of cases of practical importance there are sufficient particular solutions (for example, by disregarding the thermoconductance of the envelope). For more accurate computations, when there is a need to determine the complete temperature fields of the blade, the authors propose the following method: find a particular solution of the equations, x on the premise that the functions change in one direction only; then find the solution for the change of functions in the other direction. In the present article, the authors solved the equations for the following particular case: 1) Thermoconductivity along the profile is infinitely great; that is, thermoresistance is disregarded; 2) Within the sections, into which the blade is broken down, the heat transfer factors from the gas and air in the second contour, as well as the temperatures of the gas, envelope, and air in that contour, are considered constant: 3) A case is considered in which the air is fed (to the second contour)

Card 2/

ACCESSION NR: AP4033045

through a series of apertures (this being the most convenient): 4) The effect of radiant heat transfer is disregarded; 5) The absence of air reflow between adjacent sections is assumed. In order to verify the methods developed, calculations were made of several test conditions of experimental blades. The results of the comparison indicated satisfactory agreement of the theoretical and experimental data. Orig. art. has: 5 figures. and 31 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 27Apr63

DATE ACQ: 11May64

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SUB CODE: PR,

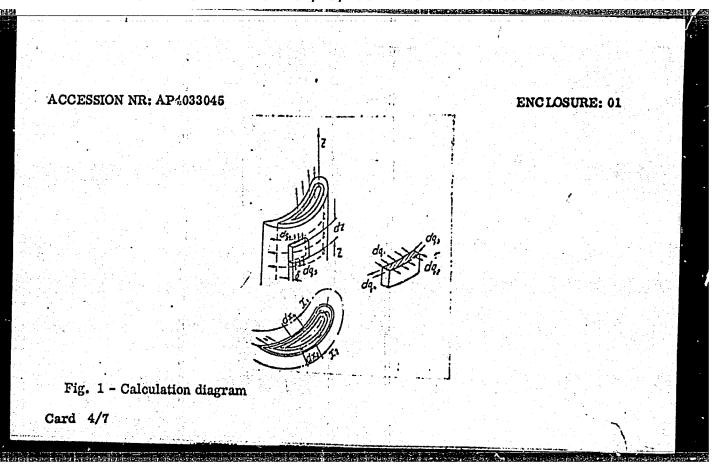
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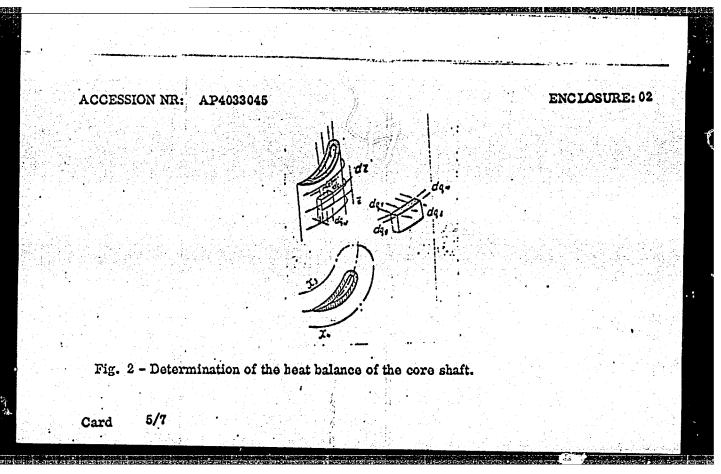
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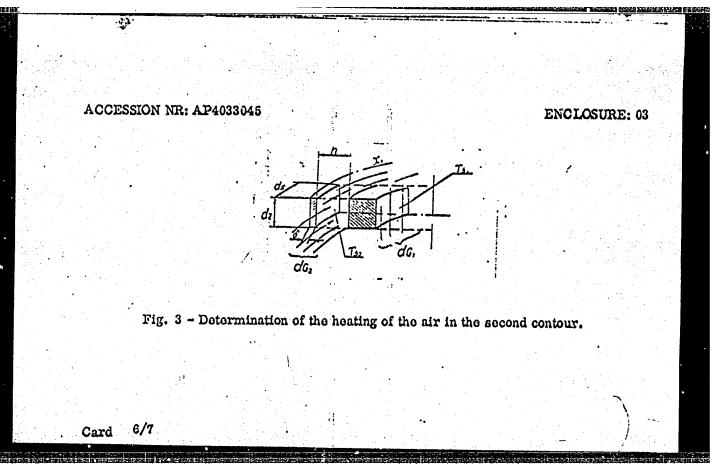
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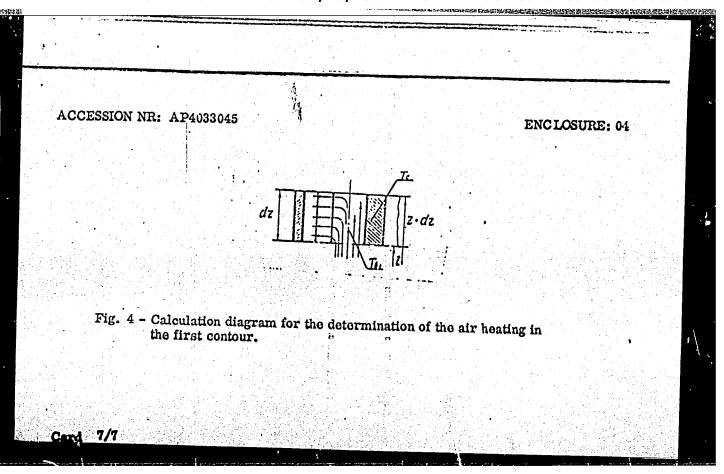
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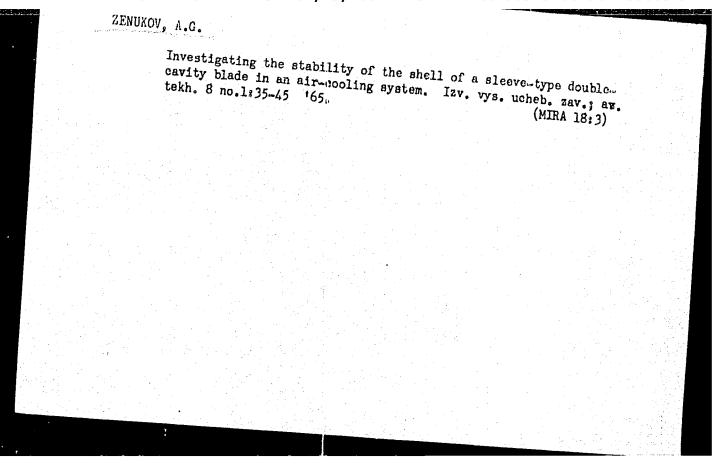
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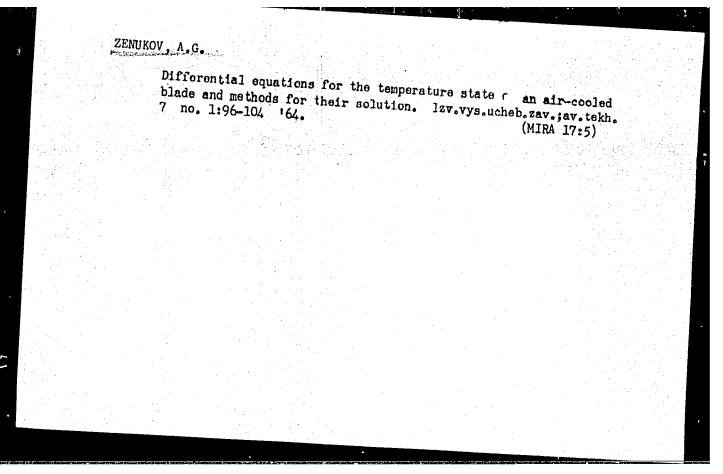


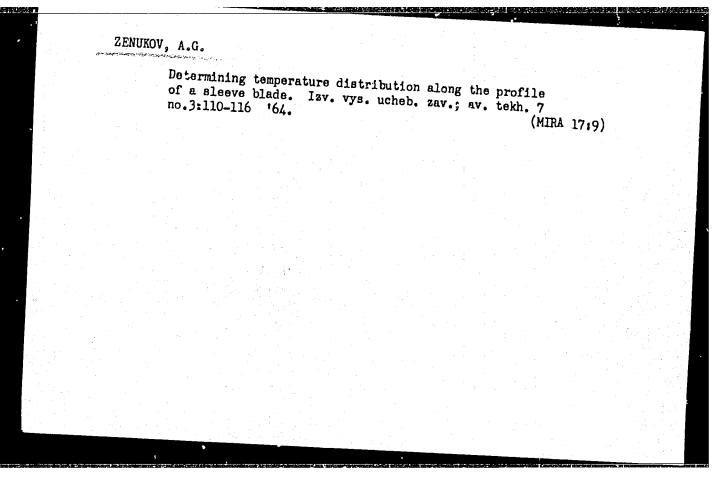


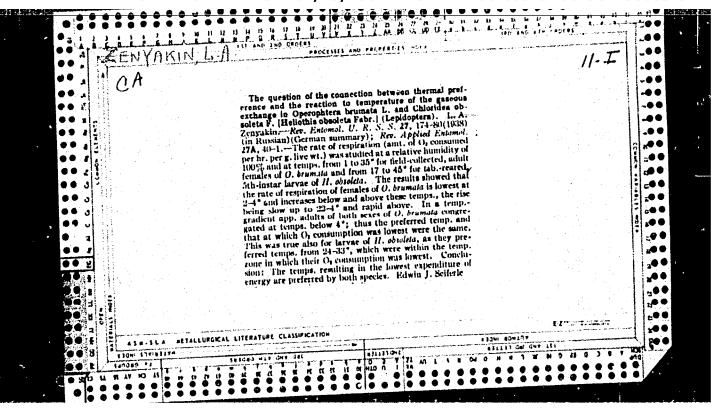












PAVLOVSKIY, Ye.N., akademik, glavnyy red.; CILYAROV, M.S., otv.red.; LORKH, A.G., red.; MEL'NIKOV, N.N., red.; FEDOTOV, D.M., red.; YAKOVLEV, B.V., red.; ZENYAKIN, L.A., red.; SABLINA, T.B., red.izd-va; VOLKOVA, V.V., tekhn.red.

[Transactions of the International Conference on the Study of the Colorado Beetle and the Development of Measures for its Control] Trudy Mezhdunarodnogo soveshchaniia po izucheniiu koloradskogo zhuka i razrabotke mer bor'by s nim. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR, 1959. 329 p. (MIRA 12:8)

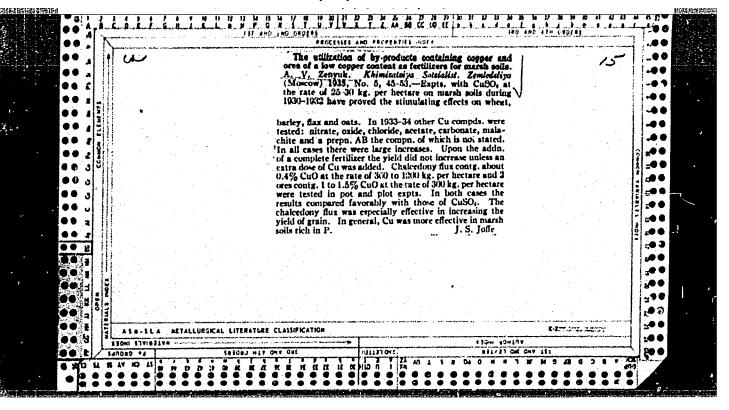
1. Mezhdunarodnoye soveshchaniye po izucheniyu koloradskogo zhuka i razrabotke mer bor'by s nim, 1956. 2. Mezhduvedom-stvennaya metodicheskaya komisaiya po koloradskomu zhuku. Akademiya nauk SSSR, Moskva (for Gilyarov). 3. Nauchnyy institut udobreniy i insektofungitsidov, Moskva (for Mel'nikov). (Potato beetle--Congresses)

ZENYAKIN, L. A., KOZHEVINIKOVA, G. V.

Insecticides

Dusting seeds of grain crops with hexachloran as a means of controlling the wheat wireworm. Sov. agron. 10 no. 8, 1952

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, September 1952. Unclassified.



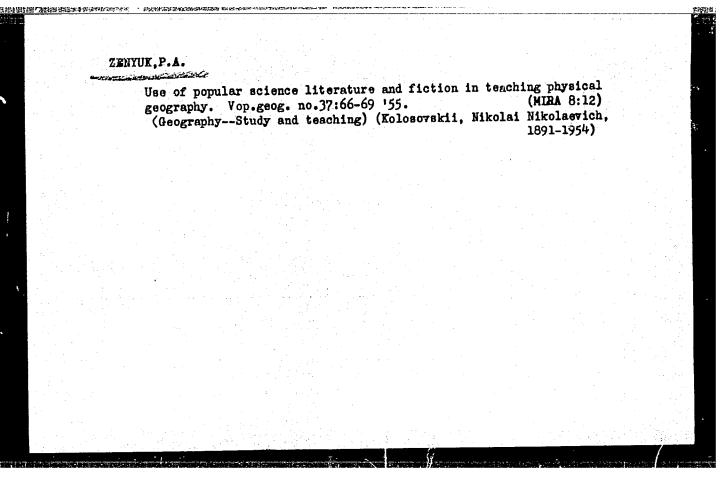
(MIRA 13:6)

Use of turboblowers for carbon dioxide. Sakh.prom. 34

1. Chernovitskiy sakhsveklotrest.
(Sugar manufacture) (Turboblowers)

no.3:39-40 Mr 40. 1960

ZENYUK	Mechanization of bagasse loading operations. Sakh. prom. 36 no.12:17-18 D *62. (MIRA 16:6)	
	1. Chernovitskiy trest sakharnoy promyshlennosti. (Sugar machinery)	



ZENYUK, P. A.

Geography - Study and Teaching

Exchange of practical knowledge and skill in geography. Geog. v shkole, No. 3, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1952. Unclassified.

KOSINSKIY, Iosif Alekseyevich; ZENYUK, T.N., red.

[Rainbow on film; book on color photography] Raduga na plenke; kniga o tsvetnoi fotografii. Leningrad, Lenizdat, 1965. 142 p. (MIRA 18:12)